S. 2047

To amend the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 to include certain former nuclear weapons program workers in the Special Exposure Cohort under the compensation program established by that Act.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 2, 2004

Mr. Bond introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 to include certain former nuclear weapons program workers in the Special Exposure Cohort under the compensation program established by that Act.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
- 4 Congress finds that—
- 5 (1) energy workers at the former Mallinkrodt
- 6 facilities (including the St. Louis downtown facility,
- 7 the Weldon Springs facility, and the Hematite facil-

- ity) were exposed to levels of radionuclides and ra dioactive materials that were much greater than the
 current maximum allowable Federal standards;
 - (2) the Mallinkrodt workers at the St. Louis site were exposed to excessive levels of airborne uranium dust relative to the standards in effect during the time, and many workers were exposed to 200 times the preferred levels of exposure;
 - (3)(A) the chief safety officer for the Atomic Energy Commission during the Mallinkrodt-St. Louis operations described the facility as 1 of the 2 worst plants with respect to worker exposures;
 - (B) workers were excreting in excess of a milligram of uranium per day causing kidney damage; and
 - (C) a recent epidemiological study found excess levels of nephritis and kidney cancer from inhalation of uranium dusts;
 - (4) the Department of Energy has admitted that those workers were subjected to risks and had their health endangered as a result of working with these highly radioactive materials;
 - (5) the Department of Energy reported that workers at the Weldon Springs feed materials plant

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	handled plutonium and recycled uranium, which are
2	highly radioactive;
3	(6) the National Institute of Occupational Safe-
4	ty and Health admits that—
5	(A) the operations at the St. Louis down-
6	town site consisted of intense periods of proc-
7	essing extremely high levels of radionuclides;
8	and
9	(B) the Institute has virtually no personal
10	monitoring data for workers prior to 1948;
11	(7) the National Institute of Occupational Safe-
12	ty and Health has informed claimants and their sur-
13	vivors at those 3 sites that if they are not inter-
14	viewed as a part of the dose reconstruction process,
15	it—
16	(A) would hinder the ability of the Insti-
17	tute to conduct dose reconstruction for the
18	claimant; and
19	(B) may result in a dose reconstruction
20	that incompletely or inaccurately estimates the
21	radiation dose to which the energy employee
22	named in the claim had been exposed;
23	(8) the Department of Health and Human
24	Services published the first notice of proposed rule-
25	making concerning the Special Exposure Cohort on

1	June 25, 2002, and as of January 27, 2004, the
2	rule has yet to be finalized; and
3	(9) many of those former workers have died
4	while waiting for the proposed rule to be finalized,
5	including some claimants who were waiting for dose
6	reconstruction to be completed.
7	SEC. 2. DEFINITION OF MEMBER OF THE SPECIAL EXPO-
8	SURE COHORT.
9	Section 3621(14) of the Energy Employees Occupa-
10	tional Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (42
11	U.S.C. 7384 <i>l</i> (14)) is amended—
12	(1) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as sub-
13	paragraph (D); and
14	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(C) The employee was so employed for a
17	number of work days aggregating at least 45
18	workdays at a facility operated under contract
19	to the Department of Energy by Mallinkrodt
20	Incorporated or its successors (including the St.
21	Louis downtown or 'Destrahan' facility during
22	any of calendar years 1942 through 1958, the
23	Weldon Springs feed materials plant facility
24	during any of calendar years 1958 through
25	1966, and the Hematite facility during any of

1	calendar years 1958 through 1969), and during
2	the employment—
3	"(i)(I) was monitored through the use
4	of dosimetry badges for exposure at the
5	plant of the external parts of an employ-
6	ee's body to radiation; or
7	"(II) was monitored through the use
8	of bioassays, in vivo monitoring, or breath
9	samples for exposure at the plant to inter-
10	nal radiation; or
11	"(ii) worked in a job that had expo-
12	sures comparable to a job that is mon-
13	itored, or should have been monitored,
14	under standards of the Department of En-
15	ergy in effect on the date of enactment of
16	this subparagraph through the use of do-
17	simetry badges for monitoring external ra-
18	diation exposures, or bioassays, in vivo
19	monitoring, or breath samples for internal
20	radiation exposures, at a facility.".

 \bigcirc